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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/242,657	02/19/1999	PETER RUHDAL JENSEN	55411.000002	1335	
21967	7590 05/10/200	6	EXAMINER		
	& WILLIAMS LLP	MCGILLEM, LAURA L			
INTELLECT 1900 K STR	TUAL PROPERTY DI EET, N.W.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
SUITE 1200	,	1636			
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20006-110	DATE MAILED: 05/10/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applica	ition No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		09/242	,657	JENSEN ET AL.					
		Examir	ier	Art Unit					
		Laura N	1cGillem	1636					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)⊠ Res	sponsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>24 April 2006</u>							
2a)☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)☐ Sind	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Disposition of Claims									
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16 and 22</u> is/are pending in the application.									
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>22</u> is/are allowed.									
•	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16</u> is/are rejected.								
·	im(s) is/are objected to.								
8)∐ Clai	im(s) are subject to restricti	on and/or election	requirement.						
Application F	Papers								
9) <u></u> The	specification is objected to by the	Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:									
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
2.	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage									
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
Attachment(s)									
` '	References Cited (PTO-892)		4) 🔲 Interview Su						
	Oraftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT			/Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTC)-152\				
	n Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P s)/Mail Date	10/30/06)	6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

It is noted that Applicants have filed an After Final amendment on 4/24/2006 canceling claims 1-15, 17-21 and 23-27. The amendment has been entered. In the previous Office action, mailed 12/23/2005, claims 16 and 22 were indicated as allowable. However, on further consideration of the prior art, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Oliphant and Struhl (of record).

Claim Objections

Claim 16 is objected to because of the following informalities: it is grammatically incorrect in section 16 (i)(b) line 2 because there is not a verb between the words "sequences" and "a TATA-box". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 16 is vague and indefinite because it recites the phrase "set of promoter sequences covering a range of promoter activities" and it is not clear how sequences can "cover" a range of activities. It may be remedial to amend the claim to include the

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phrase --with respect to promoter strength-- as is disclosed on page 10a (lines 6-7) of the instant specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Oliphant and Struhl (of record).

The disclosure does not provide a specific definition of "at least half" in the context of the phrase "at least half of each of the consensus sequences". Therefore, the claim limitation can be interpreted that any permutation of the consensus sequence having 50% identity with one of the consensus sequences comprises "at least half"

Oliphant and Struhl teach a method of making a large collection of hybrid *E.coli* promoter elements. Oliphant and Struhl use a method of random selection in which a sequence of random DNA replaces a wild-type element in order to generate many different sequences with specific functions (see page 7674, Figure 1 and 2nd paragraph). Oliphant and Struhl teach that a sequence comprising functional -10 and -35 promoter elements determined to be consensus sequences in naturally occurring promoter elements were subject to random selection. Oliphant and Struhl teach that oligonucleotides were synthesized using a mixture of all 4 nucleotides, producing

oligonucleotides of random sequence and heterogeneous length, which were then converted to double stranded DNA. Oliphant and Struhl teach that the DNA was cloned into phage libraries and operably linked to a his3 gene encoding an enzyme that allows *E.coli* to grow in the absence of histidine (imidazolglycerolphosphate dehydrogenase) (see page 7675, 2nd and 3rd paragraph, in particular).

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Oliphant and Struhl teach that E.coli containing the randomly selected promoter elements linked to IGP dehydrogenase were challenged with aminotriazole, a competitive inhibitor of IGP dehydrogenase. The level of IGP dehydrogenase expression in the cells impacted the viability of the E.coli in the presence of aminotriazole, and the promoter elements were ranked according to their levels of function (i.e. the ability to promote sufficient expression of (IGP) dehydrogenase for growth in restricted conditions) (see page 7678, 4th and 5th paragraph, in particular). Oliphant and Struhl teach the variation of sequences flanking each of the consensus sequences (see page 7674, Figure 1, page 7677, Figure 3, and Page 7679, in particular). Further, Oliphant and Struhl disclose that their results for random promoter elements agreed with wild-type promoter structure such that the most frequently occurring nucleotides in wild-type E.coli promoters are TTGACA (-35 element) and TATAAT(-10 element) with the most highly conserved positions in the -35 element being the first three nucleotides (in bold) and the most highly conserved element in the -10 element being the first two and the last positions (see page 7680, 2nd paragraph), which reads on DNA sequences each comprising at least half of each of the consensus

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sequences of a prokaryotic microorganism wherein at least one of the consensus

sequences is TATAAT and at least one is TTGACA.

Conclusion

Claim 22 is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Laura McGillem whose telephone number is (571) 272-

8783. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Irem Yucel can be reached on (571) 272-0781. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Laura McGillem, PhD 5/5/2006

DANIEL M. SULLIVAN PATENT EXAMINER

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